

Vocabulary	
Adjective	A word that adds more information about a noun.
Adverb	A word that adds more information about verbs, adjectives or other adverbs.
Paragraph	Connected sentences about an idea or theme.
Past tense	Verb form used to describe things that have happened in the past.
Present tense	Verb form used to describe things that are happening now.
Clause	A group of words with a subject and a verb.
Phrase	A group of words that adds meaning to a sentence, but does not have a verb.
Modal verbs	Verbs that indicate likelihood, ability, permission or obligation
Relative clause	A type of subordinate clause used to give additional information about a noun.
Parenthesis	Adding extra information to a sentence using brackets, dashes or commas.

Year 5 English



Expanded Noun Phrases:

Get Descriptive!
the ferocious, snarling beast
inside the cage
the breath-taking, scenic
view beyond the valley

Super Suffixes!

-ation preparation sensation
-ous courageous curious serious
-ly gently angrily frantically

Super Subordination!

Use these conjunctions to create
super complex sentences:

if because as
before after until
that since when

Punctuation Reminders:

A	Capital letters for sentences, initials and proper nouns.
.	Full stops.
!	Exclamation marks for exclamations or surprise.
?	Question marks.
'	Apostrophes for possession and missing letters and to mark missing letters in contracted words, e.g. didn't.
,	Commas in lists, and to mark parenthesis, fronted adverbials and clauses.
“ ”	Inverted commas for speech. (Don't forget the commas too!)
-	Hyphen to connect words together.
-	Dashes to show longer pauses or parenthesis.
()	Brackets for parenthesis.

	Vocabulary Looking at the choice of words that an author uses in a text.
	Infer What is suggested but not said in the text? Read between the lines and find the 'hidden' meaning.
	Predict What might happen next based on what has happened in the text?
	Explain Explain an aspect of the text. This may include why the author includes it.
	Retrieve Retrieve information from the text to answer questions.
	Summarise Sum up key points in the text or sequence events as a summary.

Use a mixture of simple, compound and complex sentences. Use a thesaurus to up-level your vocabulary choices.

Fronted Adverbials

Front it Out!

Link your sentences and paragraphs:

Time

At that moment, On Saturday,
Finally,

Place

Over the bridge, Inside the chest,
Beyond the clouds,

Frequency

Every few weeks, Never before,
Occasionally, Often,

Manner/ Behaviour

Breathing heavily, Waiting
anxiously, Without warning,

Modal Verbs:

Marvellous Modals!

Include modal verbs to show possibility:

can could should
might must may
would will ought

(and their negative versions)

Could you pop in an adverb
of possibility?

surely possibly
certainly perhaps

Relative Clauses:

It's All Relative!

Use a 'which', 'who' or 'that'
relative clause to add extra
information:

The Queen, who has reigned for
60 years, has four children.

Hedgehogs eat garden snails,
which is important within the
food chain.

The stench was so putrid that
it made her eyes water.